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100 Unintended consequences of policies to improve the energy efficiency of the UK housing stock

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Year: 2014

Journal: Indoor + Built Environment: The Journal of The International Society of The Built

Environment. 23 (3): 340-352

Abstract:

As a major sector contributing to the UK's greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, housing is an important focus of government policies to mitigate climate change. Current policy promotes the application of a variety of energy efficiency measures to a diverse building stock, which will likely lead to a wide range of unintended consequences. We have undertaken a scoping review identifying more than 100 unintended consequences impacting building fabric, population health and the environment, thus highlighting the urgent need for government and society to reconsider its approach. Many impacts are connected in complex relationships. Some are negative, others possibly co-benefits for other objectives. While there are likely to be unavoidable trade-offs between different domains affected and the emissions reduction policy, a more integrated approach to decision making could ensure co-benefits are optimised, negative impacts reduced and trade-offs are dealt with explicitly. Integrative methods can capture this complexity and support a dynamic understanding of the effects of policies over time, bringing together different kinds of knowledge in an improved decision-making process. We suggest that participatory systems dynamics with multi/inter-disciplinary stakeholders is likely to offer a useful route forward, supporting cross-sectorial policy optimisation that places reducing housing GHG emissions alongside other housing policy goals.

Source: http://dx.doi.org/10.1177/1420326x14524586

Resource Description

Exposure: M

weather or climate related pathway by which climate change affects health

Air Pollution, Unspecified Exposure

Geographic Feature:

resource focuses on specific type of geography

Urban

Geographic Location: M

resource focuses on specific location

Non-United States

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Non-United States: Europe

European Region/Country: European Country

Other European Country: United Kingdom

Health Co-Benefit/Co-Harm (Adaption/Mitigation):

□

specification of beneficial or harmful impacts to health resulting from efforts to reduce or cope with

greenhouse gases

A focus of content

Health Impact: M

specification of health effect or disease related to climate change exposure

Health Outcome Unspecified

Mitigation/Adaptation: **☑**

mitigation or adaptation strategy is a focus of resource

Mitigation

Resource Type: M

format or standard characteristic of resource

Policy/Opinion, Review

Timescale: M

time period studied

Time Scale Unspecified